



CompTIA

Exam ADR-001

CompTIA Mobile App Security+ Certification Exam (Android Edition)

Version: 6.0

[Total Questions: 102]

Question No : 1

An Intent Sniffing attack is where:

- A. a malicious app intercepts network communications to capture Intent traffic.
- B. cached Intent messages are read from storage by an attacker.
- C. Intent declarations are read from the manifest in order to construct spoof Intents.
- D. a malicious app registers to receive public broadcasts in order to intercept data.

Answer: D

Question No : 2

When handling sensitive data with Android apps, which of the following storage strategies is MOST secure?

- A. Store data on device using encryption, with encryption key managed on the server
- B. Prompt users to enable encryption
- C. Store sensitive data locally in XML protected with file permissions
- D. Store sensitive data on the server

Answer: D

Question No : 3

A file with Unix permissions '700' allows:

- A. all users to read, write and execute.
- B. full access to the app that created it and no other apps.
- C. only the system and root access.
- D. for protected storage on the shared SD card.

Answer: B

Question No : 4

In the AndroidManifest.xml file which element is used to define the permissions an app is

requesting access to?

- A. <uses-permission>
- B. <permission>
- C. <grant-uri-permissions>
- D. <activity>

Answer: A

Question No : 5

Which of the following BEST describes the responsibility of a TrustManager object when used in an Android application with SSL?

- A. The TrustManager verifies that a Certificate Authority truly did issue a server's SSL certificate by using the Online Certificate Status Protocol (OCSP).
- B. The TrustManager manages the client-side SSL certificate that the Android application will present to a server for mutual authentication.
- C. The TrustManager makes decisions on if a server's SSL certificate should be trusted, by allowing the developer to specify which certificates should be allowed.
- D. The TrustManager verifies that a server's SSL certificate has not been revoked by checking the Certificate Authority's Certificate Revocation List (CRL).

Answer: C

Question No : 6

A developer is designing a very sensitive web application that will be accessed by both desktop web browsers and mobile Android applications. What is one way the developer can implement a multi-factor authentication system for these users?

- A. Have the user memorize a PIN in addition to their password and require them to supply both when attempting to log in.
- B. Have the user answer a security question once they authenticate using their username and password.
- C. Require a one-time-use code sent via an SMS message in addition to a username and password.
- D. Have the user supply their last password in addition to their current password when they attempt to log in.

Answer: C

Question No : 7

Which of the following can be performed to find security design flaws in mobile apps prior to writing code?

- A. Threat modeling
- B. Penetration testing
- C. Static source code analysis
- D. Dynamic validation testing

Answer: A

Question No : 8

When an app “logs out” of a back end system the developer should also ensure:

- A. app jumps to device home screen, clearing the data from the previous session.
- B. GUI components displaying data while logged in are destroyed as Android does not do this.
- C. app switches back to login screen forcing the user to re-login to view the data.
- D. app maintains the state of the session ID in the key chain.

Answer: B

Question No : 9

Which of the following is a disadvantage of using a static embedded API Key for client authentication to a web service?

- A. API Keys require the use of a certificate issued by a commercial Certificate Authority.
- B. API Keys are used with asymmetric cryptography, which is slow and can negatively impact the performance of the client application.
- C. API Keys cannot be transmitted over HTTPS, so they are open to compromise.
- D. API Keys can be discovered and abused by an attacker.

Answer: D

Question No : 10

When applying PBKDF2 to a password, what would be the MORE secure number of iterations to use?

- A. 100
- B. 1,000
- C. 2,000
- D. 10,000

Answer: D

Question No : 11

Adding an Intent Filter to an Activity could cause a security issue because:

- A. activities with Intent Filters are unprivileged by default.
- B. it bypasses Android's default filters.
- C. activities with Intent Filters are exported by default.
- D. it violates the Android sandbox security model.

Answer: C

Question No : 12

Which of the following describes why a developer should define private wrappers around native and public native methods?

- A. To prevent untrusted callers from invoking native methods.
- B. To filter data that is sent to the native methods.
- C. Because native methods cannot be called directly.
- D. To impose naming convention on methods.

Answer: A

Question No : 13

How does HTTP Basic Authentication work?

- A. A client-specific secret value is combined with a server-specific secret value to form a master secret, which is then used to sign all communications.
- B. A one-time use token (nonce) is generated by the server and sent to the client, where it is then returned on each subsequent request.
- C. A digital signature is generated of the request using the client's private key and sent to the server.
- D. A username and password are combined into a string on the client, base 64 encoded, and then sent to the server as an HTTP header.

Answer: D

Question No : 14

Which of the following provides an enumeration of software weaknesses to be avoided?

- A. Open IOC (MANDIANT)
- B. Metasploit Framework (RAPID7)
- C. NVD (NIST)
- D. CWE (MITRE)

Answer: D

Question No : 15

Which of the following is TRUE regarding permissions?

- A. Users cannot review permissions before installing an app
- B. Android permissions do not change between versions
- C. Over-permissioned apps increase the risk to the end user
- D. Apps are granted access to contacts data without requesting permissions

Answer: C

Question No : 16

Which of the following describes what is wrong with the following sample code?

```
public class MyActivity extends Activity{  
    public void onCreate(Bundle myBundle){  
        foo( );  
    }  
}
```

- A. The method onCreate must be private.
- B. A developer cannot extend Activity.
- C. A call is missing to super.onCreate(mybundle).
- D. The class MyActivity must be private.

Answer: C

Question No : 17

Which of the following is true about methods that receive an array as a parameter?

- A. The developer should never use an array as a parameter because it will cause a buffer overflow.
- B. The developer should expose the array so it can be modified outside the class.
- C. The developer should clear the array first.
- D. The developer should clone the array object and store the copy.

Answer: D

Question No : 18

Why is it necessary to pass session tokens over a secure, encrypted channel?

- A. Revealing the session token over an unsecured channel would allow an attacker to determine the private key used to generate the token.
- B. Session tokens can be used to reveal the physical location of the Android device.
- C. Session tokens contain the user password.
- D. Session tokens can be presented to the application allowing an attacker to impersonate

a valid user.

Answer: D

Question No : 19

A developer is using a third-party cloud service via Web APIs for backup of unencrypted user photos. The use of this service is invisible to the end user. Incorporation of this service into the application introduces which potential key security risk?

- A. User data breach on cloud provider's systems
- B. Breaking backward compatibility
- C. Reflected XSS
- D. Application instability in case of cloud provider outage

Answer: A

Question No : 20

Which of the following BEST describes a process or mechanism to thwart reverse engineering through software fault injection?

- A. Dumping stack trace information
- B. Handling of program exceptions
- C. Altering of class names and/or method names
- D. Eliminating dead, i.e. unreachable, code

Answer: B

Question No : 21

Session keys are useful because:

- A. they temporarily provide a mechanism to maintain the state of user interaction.
- B. they are generated on the Android device locally upon startup.
- C. there is only one key to generate.
- D. they are more secure than public/private keys.

Answer: A

Question No : 22

An app accessing protected APIs should use which manifest declaration?

- A. app-permissions
- B. add-permissions
- C. grant-permission
- D. uses-permission

Answer: D

Question No : 23

Which of the following describes a security risk that may have to be accepted when using a commercial cross-platform mobile application framework?

- A. Allowing code to run outside the app sandbox
- B. Installing HTML 5 support on user device
- C. Digest authentication without HTTPS
- D. Using native code libraries without source code review

Answer: D

Question No : 24

Which of the following is an effective means of confirming data integrity?

- A. File access control
- B. Set the No execute (NX) bit on data segment in memory
- C. Base64 encoding
- D. Digital signatures

Answer: D

Question No : 25

Which of the following describes the purpose of the HTTPOnly cookie attribute?

- A. This attribute ensures that such cookies are only sent over HTTP connections and not over SSL making them unusable.
- B. This attribute requests that clients use the cookie only for HTTP connections and not expose it to client-side scripting.
- C. This attribute requests that other protocols cannot access such cookies.
- D. This attribute ensures that such cookies are only transmitted over an encrypted connection.

Answer: B

Question No : 26

Android's kernel-level app sandbox provides security by:

- A. assigning a unique user ID (UID) to each app and running in a separate process.
- B. running all apps under an unprivileged group ID (GID).
- C. restricting read access to an app's package to the kernel process.
- D. preventing an app's data files from being read by any running process.

Answer: A

Question No : 27

Which of the following defines the difference between static and dynamic analysis of an application?

- A. Static analysis can be used against encrypted code and is able to determine the actual instructions running on a device, while dynamic analysis is easily fooled when code is encrypted.
- B. Static analysis consists of examining an application's code as it is provided, while dynamic analysis consists of examining the application as it runs on an emulator or other debugging environment.
- C. Static analysis is focused solely on the recovery of string and hardcoded values while

dynamic analysis aims to understand the function of the code itself.

D. Static analysis requires a dataflow-modeling tool to examine all data paths, while dynamic analysis can be conducted using only an Android device.

Answer: B

Question No : 28

Which of the following statements is TRUE about session tokens?

A. Session tokens should be unpredictable and be short to derive a maximum security benefit with minimal storage.

B. Session tokens should be reused every time a particular user logs in.

C. Session tokens should be an obfuscated or encrypted version of the user's ID.

D. Session tokens should be unpredictable, of sufficient length and contain no information about the user.

Answer: D

Question No : 29

Why are file permissions important to security?

A. They prevent files from being transmitted to another device.

B. They hide files in the file system.

C. They provide links to files outside the sandbox.

D. They determine which processes can read files.

Answer: D

Question No : 30

On an unencrypted rooted Android device, which of the following BEST describes which data is recoverable?

A. Active data and some deleted data.

B. Active data and none of the deleted data.

- C. Only some active data and no deleted data.
- D. Only some active data and some deleted data.

Answer: A

Question No : 31

If a Java package contains sensitive data in one or more classes, and the data is declared public, what attacks does that expose?

- A. Public data can be intercepted in transit using network sniffing tools.
- B. Malicious code can declare itself as part of the same package, and directly access the public data with no means of protection.
- C. Public data can be accessed (read-write) via HTTP POST/POST arguments.
- D. The sensitive public data gets cached on the Java server, and is thus searchable using traditional enterprise intranet search tools.

Answer: B

Question No : 32

Which of the following is a reason to take mobile app security seriously when developing a social networking app that does NOT accept payments? (Select TWO).

- A. PCI-DSS regulations
- B. Consumer privacy expectations and regulations
- C. HIPAA regulations
- D. FIPS compliance
- E. Company reputation

Answer: B,E

Question No : 33

Which of the following is the primary reason for web services to output encode all data sent to Android application clients?

Microsoft Exams List

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70-247 Dump PDF VCE	70-486 Dump PDF VCE	70-743 Dump PDF VCE	98-367 Dump PDF VCE
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